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From:	General Secretariat of the Council
To:	Working Party on Competition
Subject:	Proposal for a Regulation on Foreign Subsidies distorting the Internal Market : Articles 3 to 6 - presentation by the Commission

Delegations will find in annex a presentation given by the European Commission during the Working Party meeting on Competition on 28 June : Agenda item 2.



Articles 3 to 6

Proposal for a Regulation on foreign subsidies distorting the internal market

Competition Council Working Party Brussels, 28 June 2021

Article 3 | Distortion on the internal market (1/4)

Foreign subsidy

Is liable to improve the competitive position of the undertaking concerned in the internal market

and where, in doing so it actually or potentially negatively affects competition on the internal market Distortion on the internal market



Article 3 | Distortion on the internal market (2/4)

List of indicators

- amount and nature of the foreign subsidy
- situation of the undertaking and the markets concerned
- level of economic activity of the undertaking concerned in the internal market
- Purpose and conditions attached to the foreign subsidy as well as its use on the internal market

- Purpose: to determine distortion on the IM
- Non-exhaustive list
- Case by case
 assessment



Article 3 | Distortion on the internal market (3/4)

Examples: mentioned in recital 14

- likely to be distortive:
 - Foreign subsidy that covers the substantial part of the purchase price of the target in an acquisition
- likely to be less distortive:
 - Foreign subsidies to small and medium-sized undertakings may be considered less likely to cause distortions than foreign subsidies to large undertakings.



Article 3 | Distortion on the internal market (4/4)

Foreign subsidy unlikely to distort the internal market

- below 5 million EUR
- over any consecutive period of three fiscal years
- unlikely to distort the internal market



Article 4 | Categories of foreign subsidies most likely to distort the internal market (1/2)

- Exhaustive list
- Foreign subsidy to an ailing undertaking without restructuring plan (Art. 4(1)):
 - Ailing: undertaking which is likely go out of business in the short or medium term in the absence of any subsidy
 - Restructuring plan:
 - capable of leading to the long-term viability of that undertaking, and
 - Including a significant own contribution by the undertaking



Article 4 | Categories of foreign subsidies most likely to distort the internal market (2/2)

- Unlimited guarantee for debts or liabilities of the undertaking (Art. 4(2))
 - Unlimited: without any limitation as to the amount or the duration
- Foreign subsidy directly facilitating a concentration (Art. 4(3))
- Foreign subsidy enabling an undertaking to submit an unduly advantageous tender (Art.4(4))



Article 5 | Balancing (1/2)

Negative effects of a foreign subsidy – distortion on the internal market



Positive effects on the development of the relevant economic activity



Article 5 | Balancing (2/2)

- Balancing to be taken into account when deciding whether to accept commitments or impose redressive measures:
 - Positive effects outweigh negative effects:
 - ➡ No commitments / no redressive measures
 - Negative effects outweigh positive effects:



- Determine appropriate commitments / redressive measures
- Categories of foreign subsidies most likely to distort the internal market: less likely to have more positive than negative effects



Article 6 | Commitments and redressive measures (1/5)

- Types of commitments / redressive measures: non-exhaustive list in Art. 6(3)
 - Structural measures
 - Behavioural measures
 - Repayment of foreign subsidy
- Reporting and transparency requirements (Art. 6(4))
- Prohibition of concentration (Art. 24(3)(c))
- Prohibition of the award of contract to the undertaking concerned (Art. 30(2))



Article 6 | Commitments and redressive measures (2/5)

- Commitments/redressive measures in Art. 6(3)
 - Offering access under fair and non-discriminatory conditions to an infrastructure that was acquired or supported by the distortive foreign subsidies unless such fair and non-discriminatory access is already provided for by legislation in force in the Union;
 - reducing capacity or market presence;
 - refraining from certain investments;

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 licensing on fair, reasonable and non-discriminatory terms of assets acquired or developed with the help of foreign subsidies;



Article 6 | Commitments and redressive measures (3/5)

- Commitments/ redressive measures (continued)
 - publication of results of research and development;
 - divestment of certain assets;
 - requiring the undertakings concerned to dissolve the concentration;
 - repayment of the foreign subsidy, including an appropriate interest rate.



Article 6 | Commitments and redressive measures (4/5)

- Choice of appropriate redressive measures
 - Distortion caused by the foreign subsidy in the internal market has to be fully and effectively remedied
 - Case by case assessment
- Undertaking may offer commitments which are fully and effectively remedying the distortion
- Undertaking may offer transparent and effective repayment



Article 6 | Commitments and redressive measures (5/5)

- Notification of concentration or public procurement procedure:
 - If undertaking does not offer commitments which fully and effectively remedy the distortion:
 - prohibition of concentration or prohibition of award of contract
 - Commission cannot impose redressive measures



Thank you



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